



Common Borders. Common Solutions.

**A Scientific Network
for Earthquake, Landslide & Flood Hazard Prevention**



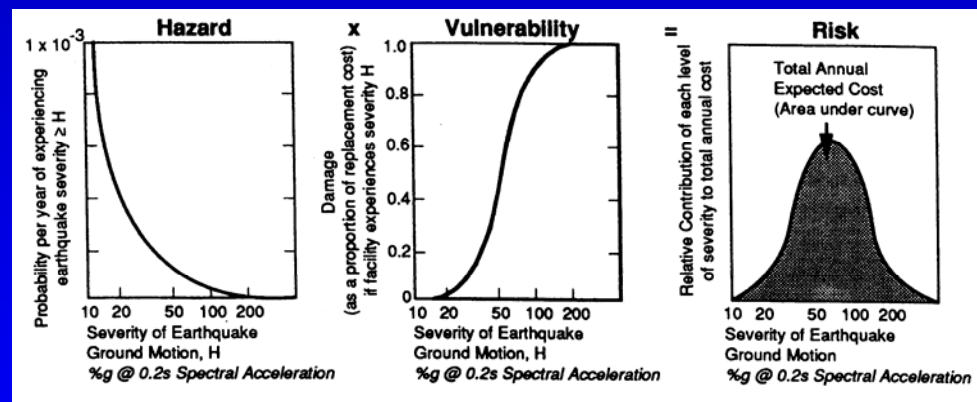
SciNetNatHazPrev-PROJECT WORKSHOP

NOVEMBER 12 -13, 2015, ISTANBUL, TURKEY

VENUE: MACKA SOCIAL CENTER, ISTANBUL TECHNICAL UNIV. FOUNDATION

Seismic Hazard Assessment Methodologies Regional - Local Scale

Activities and Deliverables



Basil N. Margaris
Dr. Eng. Seismologist

Activity 1.3: Recording of the existing legislation framework in relation to Seismic hazard prevention and management.

Activity 1.6: Review of available bibliography regarding methodological approaches for seismic hazard assessment at Regional and local scales.

Activity 1.9: Evaluation of existing seismic hazard assessment models in terms of scientific soundness, data demands and result credibility. Widely accepted seismic hazard assessment models are evaluated in the proposed areas of the project in order to define the most appropriate results, theoretical analyses are confronted to empirical data collected per country, as a consequence of seismic events

Activity 1.13: Development/modification/adaptation of existing seismic models that will be used to assess seismic hazard, based on local conditions and needs of the proposal. Seismic hazard are examined at a regional scale on the areas proposed for implementation. Strong motion parameters, necessary for assessment of seismically induced landslides are calculated.

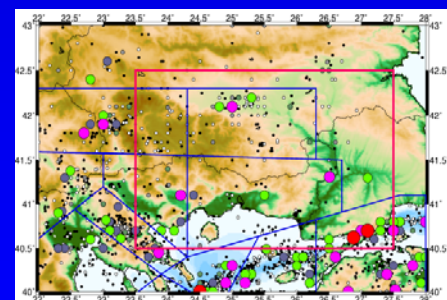
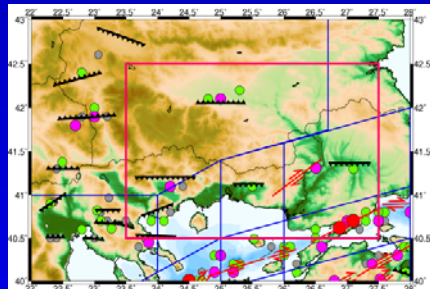
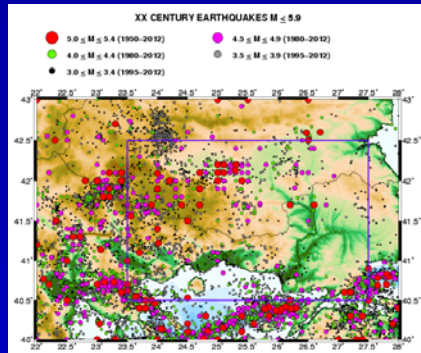
Activity 2.5: Update and completion of geodatabase with new field data, in situ measurements, or any other relevant data

Activity 3.3: Seismic hazard assessment at regional scale, based on selected methodology (model) from GA1.

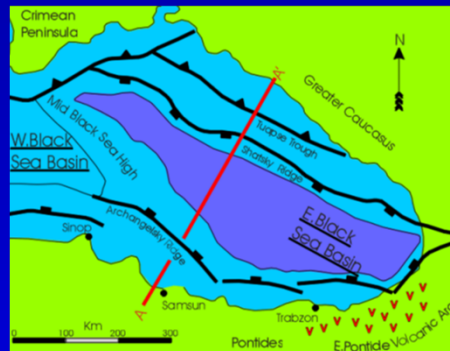
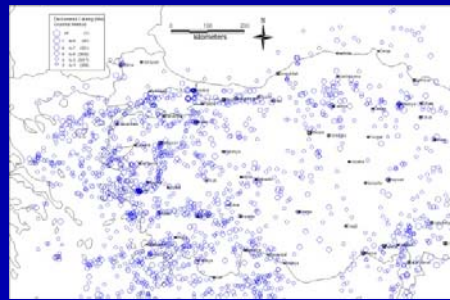
Activity 3.6: Seismic hazard assessment on local scale.

Activity 3.7: Results Synthesis

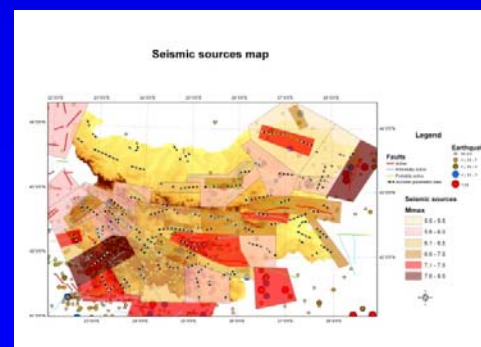
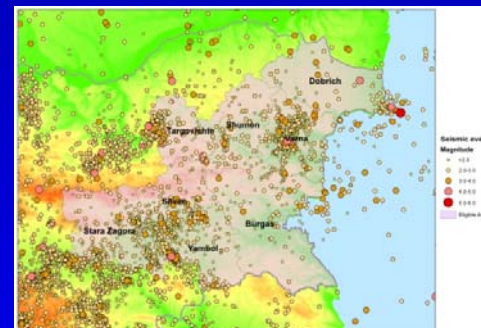
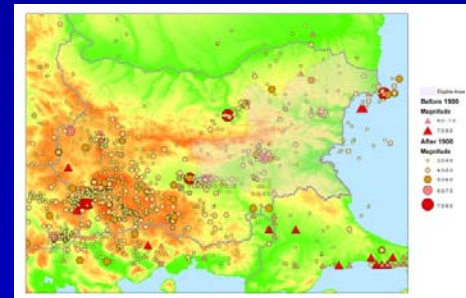
Activity 1.9:



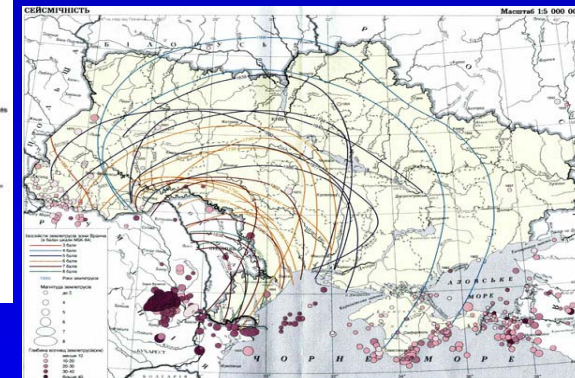
Greece



Turkey

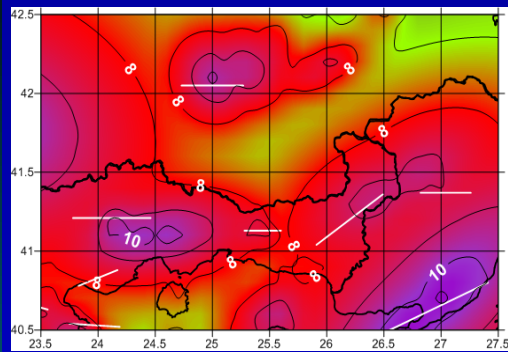


Bulgaria

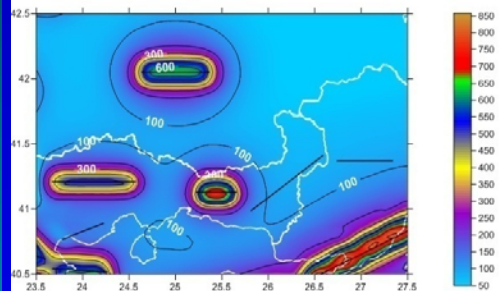


Ukraine

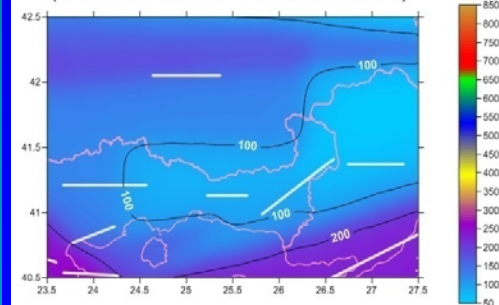
Activity 1.13



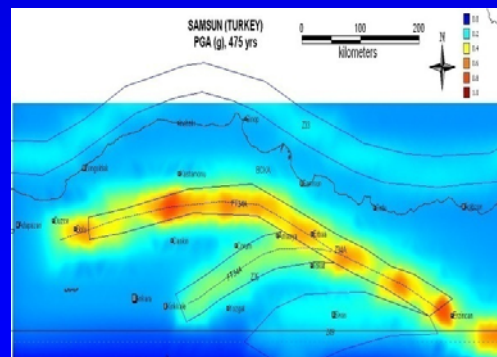
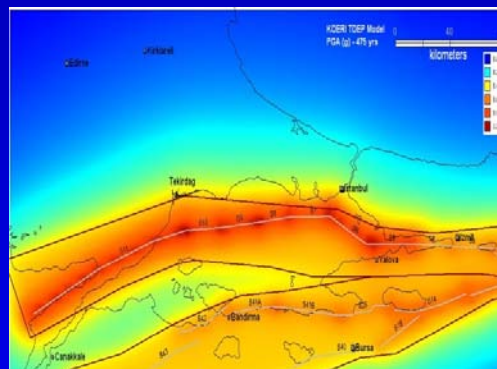
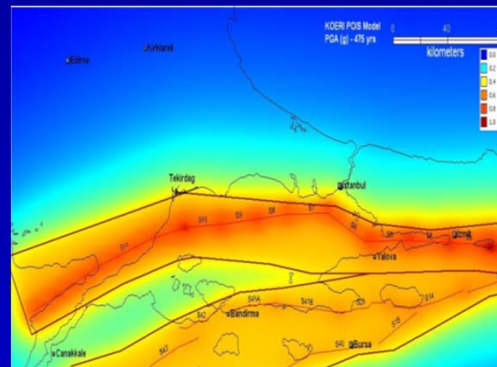
HYBRID MODEL
OF AREA AND FAULT-TYPE SOURCES



MODEL OF AREA TYPE SOURCES
(PAPAIOANNOU & PAPAZACHOS 2000)

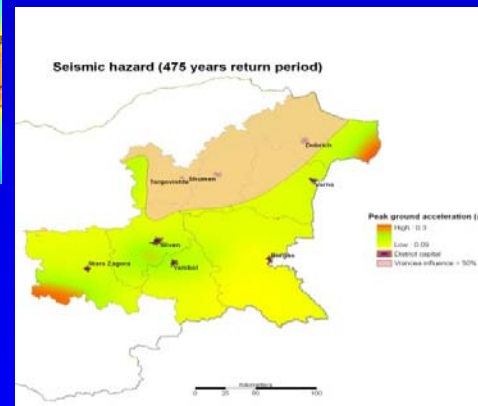
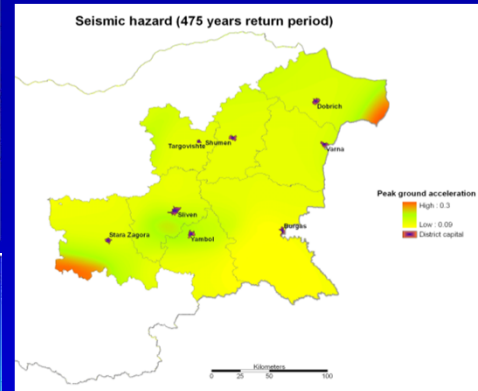


Greece

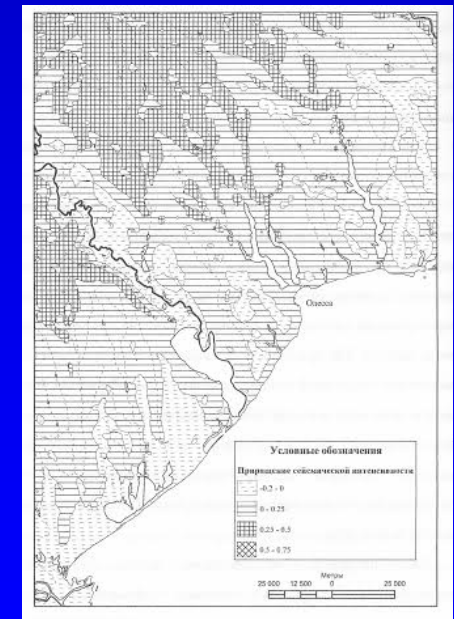
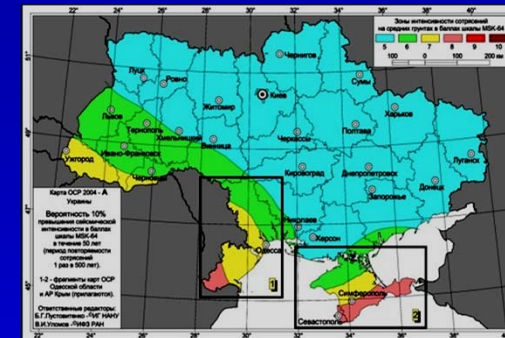


Turkey

Tr : 475 years



Bulgaria



Ukraine

Expected Outputs: *Deliverable that will incorporate results from seismic hazard assessment coming from regional implementation of adopted methodologies. Models' efficiency and reliability will be demonstrated through historical data collected or/and field work.*

Expected Results: *A decision supporting tool development, based on methodologies appropriately adapted or modified, to assess seismic hazard. Preventive measures based on critical parameters local assessment could largely mitigate their impact on environment, society and economy.*

Issues should be discussed - Conclusions

- 1. Adoption of the applied methodologies for final seismic hazard assessment.**
- 2. Homogeneity of the seismic hazard assessment in the cross-border Implementation areas.**
- 3. Documentation of the whole digital data from the various partners**
- 4. Data uploaded at the Website tool (under preparation).**